



FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 7, 1905.

MAYOR PAFF has issued orders in regard to the proper policing of the city and holding the policemen responsible for permitting the violation of the city ordinances on this important subject. In this the Mayor will be sustained by all good citizens, and the officers should understand that they have other duties besides arresting drunken and disorderly persons or those who have committed offenses against the criminal code. Policing a city means, as much as anything else, keeping a city clean and in order, and such matters are sadly overlooked by the Alexandria police. The arrest of one citizen and the imposition of the fine would be a sufficient warning to others not to violate the sanitary laws of the city and the suspension of one policeman for failure to perform his duty in such cases would be a guarantee that the others would be more active in performing theirs. The city, especially the outskirts, should be kept clean.

THE ADMINISTRATION is not satisfied with the decision rendered by the Board of General Appraisers at New York on March 24, in which it was held that the President had no legal right to postpone the date on which the Cuban reciprocity treaty went into effect from December 17 to December 27, 1903. The matter will be carried to the Court for review. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Reynolds has forwarded instructions to Collector Thomas, at Philadelphia, in which he says:

"In order that the question at issue may be reviewed in the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, you are hereby directed to file an application for review of the said decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers, in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the customs administrative act of June 10, 1890."

THAT part of the administration which is now in Washington is not disposed to become entangled in the Moroccan affair to oblige the Kaiser or anyone else, and for the present, therefore, this government will make no move calculated to give encouragement to the Kaiser's alleged plan for the calling of an international conference to consider the future of the Moorish Empire. What the President may do when he returns, flushed and more strenuous than ever from his hunting exploits in the southwest, cannot now be told. It is hoped by that time even this will have so changed the situation as to Morocco that the mooted international action will no longer be under consideration and thus the necessity for this government taking a well-defined position will have passed.

IT WAS announced semi-officially in Washington yesterday that a general reorganization of the clerical forces of the entire Treasury Department, including the six auditing divisions, will take place July 1, and that this will be done along lines suggested by the President to Secretary Shaw before the former's departure for the West. In this reorganization it will be the object to place in office for the more important places men who are more closely identified with Mr. Roosevelt in a personal way than any who are now drawing salaries from the government. This looks as though the President was strengthening his fences.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT seems to have made another appointment without legal authority. His designation of C. E. Grunsky as engineer for the irrigation reclamation service, at a salary of \$10,000 a year, is sharply condemned by members of Congress. Congress did not make any provision for the salary of such an office as Mr. Grunsky has been selected to fill. The President arbitrarily created the office and salary. It is believed his course in this respect will alienate many friends in the Senate and House.

DESERTIONS in the American navy have been made the subject of a very thorough inquiry by the Bureau of Navigation and the Navy Department professes to congratulate itself that only 10.7 per cent. of the enlisted force of 30,066 men deserted. This to other than navy men would appear a serious matter, especially in these piping times of peace, and prompts the inquiry as to what might not be the desertion percentage in time of war.

THE legislature of Nebraska has appropriated \$250,000 to be used for the construction of a factory for the manufacture of binder twine. This action is taken on the ground that the so-called binder twine and cordage trust has been monopolizing this trade. The plant will be built at Lincoln, near the State prison, and the inmates of the penitentiary will do the work. Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas and the Dakotas consume thousands of tons of cordage yearly.

A SURVEY of the improvements in the burned district of Baltimore has just been completed. It shows that 287 new buildings are now occupied, and it is estimated

ed that more than 1,000 firms and individuals are doing business in the district. The new structures include fifty-six five-story, twenty-five six-story, seven seven-story, one twelve-story and two sixteen-story buildings.

From Washington.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]
Washington, D. C., April 7.
Mr. Leger, the Haitian Minister here, today called on Secretary of War Taft and registered another complaint against United States Minister Powell for having a week or so ago reported that a revolution was impending in Hayti and asking that a warship be sent to guard the American interests. In response to this the Brooklyn was sent there. The revolution did not materialize and the Brooklyn departed almost as soon as she arrived. Minister Leger protested that the publication of these alarming reports from Minister Powell when there was nothing upon which to base them had resulted in preventing the successful conclusion of a loan which the Haitian government was about to negotiate in Europe. While the Haitian government has not yet made a formal demand for Minister Powell's recall it has through Mr. Leger indicated very strongly that he is no longer entirely persona grata and it is quite possible that more definite instructions regarding the matter will be received by the Haitian Minister by the next mail.

Secretary of War Taft has ordered a trial by court martial of First Lieutenant George S. Richards, jr., of the 23d infantry, at San Francisco. Richards was recently tried on the charge of duplicating his pay accounts and acquitted on the ground of insanity, but subsequently a medical board examined him and pronounced him sane. The secretary's present order is for a new trial on additional charges of the same character.

Officials of the State Department refuse to get very much interested in the so-called situation, so far as it effects the United States, which has been raised by Germany with regard to Morocco. They point out that it was an American, Admiral Porter, who nearly a century ago secured the "open door" in Morocco, and it has been kept open ever since so far as the trade of the United States is concerned.

As a result of the employers refusing to increase the wages of paper hangers from \$3.20 to \$3.50 a day, an order was issued by Paper Hangers' Local Union No. 420, declaring a strike, which went into effect this morning. It affects almost three hundred men.

The President has re-appointed David A. Robinson postmaster at Dallas, Texas.

Fight in D. A. B. Wars Up.

Things are warming up for the campaign for the next president-general of the Daughters of the American Revolution. At present there are but three candidates who will strive for the honor. These are Mrs. Sternberg, wife of the former Surgeon General of the army, who has the support of Mrs. Fairbanks, the retiring president-general, and of the entire National Board; Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt, wife of the former governor of Rhode Island, who represents the faction which is opposed to the centralization of power in the National Board; and Mrs. Donald McLean, who stands for individualism and chapter rights. The election of Mrs. Sternberg is almost conceded, if Mrs. Lippitt can be prevailed on to withdraw from the race. The latter has arrived in Washington to take part in the three important meetings. The first is that of ways and means, of which Mrs. Sternberg is chairman, and which must raise funds to see the Continental Congress through. The funds have been exhausted in preparing the basement of Continental Hall for the congress. The usual monthly meeting of the National Board and the regular meeting of the Continental Hall Committee will also be held. But the real business is to get the opponents of the National Board into line.

Mrs. McLean is alleged to be opposed to the Continental Hall movement, but her chapter has been generous in its support. Mrs. Sternberg claims the support of 25 chapter regents, and Mrs. McLean claims 26, but neither side allows the claims of the other, and the contest promises to be unprecedented in its bitterness.

Spotted Fever in Germany.

A dispatch from Berlin says that spotted fever has been raging for several months in epidemic form in Silesia. Much alarm exists among the people, especially the laboring population, and many have fled from the district. The disease is beginning to make its appearance in other parts of the country. Seven new cases and several deaths are reported from Konitz, west Prussia, and 30 families have deserted the place. Several cases are also announced in the province of Saxony. The epidemic in Silesia has assumed such an alarming form that some members of the Diet interpellated the Prussian government yesterday regarding the measures taken to check it. Dr. Stindt, Minister of Medical Affairs, replying, said the school had been closed in the infected district to prevent the spread of the disease and that efficient disinfecting apparatus had been put in use. Printed matter instructing the people how to combat the disease, Dr. Stindt said, had been widely circulated. He added the epidemic had begun to subside. The doctor added that about 1,200 cases had occurred in the Oppeln district, with about 50 per cent. of fatalities, and that 60 cases and 9 deaths had been reported from the Breslau district.

Death from Rope-jumping.

Little Louise Rivers lost her life Tuesday in New Rochelle, N. Y., in a successful effort to become the skipping rope champion of her neighborhood. She was the eleven-year-old daughter of Philip Rivers and was a pretty, high-spirited child. To jump the rope 200 times has long been the championship record of the district. Little Louise has often tried in vain to accomplish it. When she began jumping Tuesday afternoon she looked as well as usual. At the 100 mark her face was flushed but happy. As she approached the 200 mark she was pale and tired, but she doggedly kept on jumping. At 218 Louise stopped. She walked a few steps then fell complaining of a pain in her side. She was taken to the New Rochelle Hospital, where the doctors said she had acute appendicitis. An operation was performed Tuesday night, but the child soon afterward died.

News of the Day.

The Pennsylvania State Senate committee yesterday defeated the bill for an eight-hour work day in the anthracite coal field.

The federal grand jury at Chicago, which is investigating the "beef trust," it is said, also will investigate certain charges of perjury.

Ugly rumors are afloat at St. Petersburg that the revolutionists intend to mark the festival of the Annunciation on Friday by a terrible outrage.

Though there was no opposition to the match, and everybody favored it, Dr. Hiram H. Gunby, 73 years of age, and Mrs. Sallie R. Patterson, 55 years old, both of Crisfield, Md., eloped from that place and were married in Philadelphia yesterday afternoon.

A dispatch to a London news agency from Calcutta says Lady Curzon, formerly Miss Leiter, of Chicago and Washington, wife of the Viceroy of India, had a narrow escape during the earthquake at Simla. A massive chimney fell through the roof and ceiling into the room above that in which she was sleeping.

Dissension in the Equitable Life Assurance Society, caused by a struggle of opposing financial policies for the control of the \$410,000,000 assets and surplus, ended in a love feast at the much-heralded meeting of the directors in New York yesterday afternoon. The two-year mutualization plan was adopted without a dissenting vote. There were no resignations and no elections to the vacant directorships. The places will be filled at a special meeting on a date not yet fixed.

Supervising Inspector George H. Uhler, who has just returned to Washington after an extended trip, said yesterday that he had found the steamboat service of the country in better condition than it ever had been before in the history of the country. The Sloum disaster had an injurious effect upon the excursion business. In some localities it had caused a loss of 75 per cent. in the business. It is generally conceded that the falling off averaged 50 per cent. "The labor and expense of putting steamboats in condition to meet the new requirements of the inspection service," said Mr. Uhler, "has been very large."

A TERRIBLE CRIME.

Unexpected disclosures yesterday show that what was originally thought to be a young wife's attempt at suicide was in reality a horrible double crime by a brutal negro. Rendered speechless by a knife cut extending from ear to ear, Mrs. Bessie Brandon, by signs, told the police yesterday a story of an outrage attempted upon her by a negro, who, thwarted in his purpose, had tried to cover up his crime with murder. The victim in the Pennsylvania Hospital and her death from the terrible knife thrust is believed to be a question of only a few hours.

The double crime was committed at the woman's home in the rear of No. 816 Kater street, on Monday morning. It was first supposed that Mrs. Brandon had attempted suicide, but Detective Bond and Gallagher, who had been assigned by Captain Donaghy to make an investigation, were not satisfied with this explanation. The woman has been unconscious nearly all the time since she was taken to the hospital and could render the police no help in their investigation until last night, when she rallied for a short time.

She answered the questions put to her by Clerk Moffit, of the Central Police Court, by holding up her fingers or by nodding her head, and gradually the story of the awful crime was unfolded. When she had concluded the story Detective Bond and Gallagher, with Special Policeman Ryan, of the Second district, went to a house on Bainbridge street, above 8th, and arrested Charles Williams, the negro who Mrs. Brandon accuses of the crime.

The prisoner, with another colored man, was taken to the bedside of the dying woman, who identified him as her assailant. From the hospital Williams was taken to the City Hall and locked up. He declares he is innocent of the charges made by the woman. [Philadelphia Record.]

M. P. CONFERENCE.

At the afternoon session of the Maryland Annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church at Salisbury, Md., yesterday Rev. Dr. T. H. Lewis, president of Western Maryland College, was elected commissioner from this conference to the council of the Methodist Protestant, Congregational and United Brethren Churches, on the question of union.

The secretary cast the ballot for Dr. J. W. Hering as an alternate commissioner. Clarke Memorial Church requested the loan of J. S. Bowers for the year, and the request was referred to the committee on fraternal relations. St. John's Independent Methodist Church requested the loan of F. T. Benson; referred to the same committee.

Lewis T. Harmon, of Indian Mission, was transferred to the lay roll. The trustee of this conference submitted their report, stating that N. T. Meginnel had been elected to succeed J. G. Clarke, deceased. J. L. Mills, J. M. Sheridan, Rowland Wath, T. A. Murray and N. T. Meginnel, whose term expired as trustees this year, were re-elected upon ballot by the secretary.

The board of governors of the Westminster Theological Seminary reported 25 students for the year and the buying of some property contiguous to the seminary property. A temperance meeting was held last night, when Hon. Volney B. Cushing, of Bangor, Me., spoke. Daniel Baker, of Baltimore, presided. A missionary meeting will be held tomorrow night. J. W. Kirk will preside and F. C. Klein will make the address.

Virginia News.

Robert F. McLeod, who had been in the Virginia State auditor's office since 1884, died at Memorial Hospital, Richmond.

Mrs. Susan Fuget died Wednesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. P. H. England, in Stafford county, after a long illness, aged eighty years. One daughter and one brother survive her.

Mr. Samuel A. Wrenn, Commissioner of the Revenue for the North Side, Fairfax county sustained a stroke of paralysis a few days ago. For some time past he has been staying with his brother, Mr. W. C. Wrenn, at Herndon, and he was there when stricken by disease. His condition is said to be very critical.

Robert L. Wharton, a traveling man, who married a Petersburg woman in Washington January 27, 1904, is wanted for alleged bigamy. It is said that Wharton's wife No. 1, whom he married on February 10, 1891, at St. Paul, Minn., now resides in Washington. Wharton and wife No. 2 have been living in Savannah, Ga.

The vestry of Ritchie Memorial Episcopal Church, at Clarendon, will ask Rev. Frank Ridout to return from Fincastle and testify regarding an assault alleged to have been made upon him in the church by Rev. D. F. Ward, the present rector. Mr. Ward denies the statement of Mr. Ridout that he attacked the latter. A sensation is likely to come when the two meet before the vestry.

Perry Farmer, 30 years old, met a most tragic death at his home, west of Tazewell, yesterday. He placed a stick of dynamite in his mouth, set fire to the fuse and his body was blown into shreds. The explosion also wrecked the room at his home which he had selected for his death. No motive is given by his parents for the suicide, save that Farmer's mind was unbalanced, and that he wanted to put himself out of the way.

Defends Mr. Rockefeller.

Mr. S. C. T. Dodd, chief solicitor of the Standard Oil Company, in New York, made a statement yesterday in defense of Mr. John D. Rockefeller and of the Standard Oil Company, in connection with the controversy over the acceptance of Mr. Rockefeller's gift of \$100,000 to missions.

He says that the statement that Mr. Rockefeller made his money dishonestly, "if false, is vile, and being made by ministers in the pretended interest of morality is doubly vile."

The assertion is made that the Standard Oil Company does not own a share of stock of any railroad company, does not control any railroad company, and that since the enactment of the Interstate Commerce law it has had no advantages over competitors as to railroad rates.

Mr. Dodd, referring evidently to the Lawson magazine articles, states that Mr. Rockefeller had no connection with or interest in, directly or indirectly, the organization of gas and copper companies.

The acceptance by the Standard Oil Company of rebates from railroads, "prior to the enactment of the interstate commerce law," was justified because "the rebate system was universal," and each shipper made the best terms he could. The system was in existence, and the Standard could not do business without "submitting" to it.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee and the G. A. R.

For the first time a Confederate veteran, Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, will participate in the Memorial Day celebration in this city. General Lee will deliver the oration to the William L. Curry Post, No. 18, Grand Army of the Republic, in its exercises in the Walnut street Presbyterian Church.

Those exercises will be held Wednesday night, May 25. Bishop C. C. McCabe, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and chaplain of the Curry Post, will also speak. In consequence of the invitation to the famous Confederate general to take part in services in memory of the men who fell victims to Confederate shot and shell, there has been much criticism. There are some of the veterans who have defined the Curry Post's act as radical.

Colonel John W. Frazier, the post commander, said: "It is the aim of our post to emphasize its sentiment that reconciliation and good fellowship between the North and the South must be established fully and forever. The further desire is that Philadelphia and Virginia, shall be brought closer together." [Philadelphia North American.]

Killed Lever and Herself.

Hill A. Ballard, a young employee of the Merrimack Manufacturing Company, of Huntsville, Ala., and a nephew of Gov. J. I. Cox, of Tennessee, was shot and killed yesterday by his jealous sweetheart, Miss Oma Harding, also a mill-worker, who then turned the weapon upon herself and fired a bullet into her breast that caused her death within a few minutes. Miss Harding went to Ballard's boarding house and sent up word for him to come down. He opened the door and invited her in, but she drew a pistol from the folds of her dress and opened fire on him at close range, the bullet striking him on the breast and he fell. The woman then shot herself while standing at the door and was dead when neighbors reached her side. Ballard died six hours later. He had run away from home in Bristol, Tenn., and was working for the Merrimack company at a dollar a day. Before dying Ballard said he and Miss Harding were engaged to be married in May. The only cause he could assign for the deed was her jealousy of her room-mate, Miss Roland.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Dr. J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.

WALDO L. KAY & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. At Boulder, Col., on Monday, April 3, 1905, at 10:23 p. m., MARY L. LANNON, daughter of the late John and J. V. Lannon, in her 28th year. Funeral from St. Mary's Church tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Interment private. [Washington papers please copy.]

Today's Telegraphic News

Young Woman Fatally Stabbed.

New York, April 7.—A young woman who gave her name as Mary Wilson but refused to disclose her identity, died in St. Vincent's Hospital at 9:20 o'clock this morning from a frightful stab wound inflicted shortly after midnight in the Hotel Lawrence, No. 80 east 13th street. Before she expired she identified James Boyne, steward of the Aron Beach regular democratic club, as the man who stabbed her. Boyne declared he never saw the woman before he confronted her in the hospital for the purpose of identification. The young woman was about 20 years old, and Boyne gave his age as 21. Blood was found on Boyne's hands and the sleeves of his shirt, also upon his vest. He was arranged in the Police Court later and committed to await further examination. The stabbing, according to Police Captain Bourke, is undoubtedly the work of a degenerate with a mania for murder. The stabbing was most mysterious. A man and a woman went to the Hotel Lawrence shortly after midnight, and after registering as "Mr. and Mrs. Smith," were assigned to a room on the second floor. An hour after the man and the woman were in the room a crying sob was heard through the block. The scream was heard by Mrs. Bertha Newell, proprietress of the house, and by Minnie Smith, a chambermaid. The chambermaid ran to the second floor and was peeping through the keyhole of the room occupied by the couple, when the door was thrown open and a man rushed out, hat and overcoat in hand. On the bed lay the woman fully dressed, with blood pouring from a great wound in her abdomen. The chambermaid followed the man to the ground floor. Mrs. Newell and the chambermaid tried to catch hold of the man, when he said: "I have not stabbed any one. I am perfectly willing to wait for the police." Detectives Lloyd and Kenyon, who happened to be near by, and who heard the shriek, came up and placed the man under arrest. One of the detectives went up to the room and tried to arouse the woman but she closed her eyes and refused to give any information. It was plain that she was trying to protect the man, and that she was concealing her own identity. An ambulance was called, and the woman was removed to St. Vincent's hospital. There it was found that four inches of a broken knife blade was still in her abdomen. The blade had pierced the abdominal wall, and had made half a dozen punctures in her intestines. The doctors told her she would die, but she remained obstinately silent. A search of the room in which the stabbing occurred brought forth a broken case-knife, the blade of which had been about fourteen inches long. The knife did not belong to the house, and had been brought there by either the man or the woman.

Boyne was taken to the Mercer street police station and questioned at length. He persisted in his first statement that he did not know the woman, that he had never seen her before, and that he had not stabbed her. Later he was taken to the hospital and into the presence of the dying woman. "He stabbed you, you say?" Captain Bourke asked the woman after she had identified Boyne. "Yes, he did," she answered. "I met him at Third avenue last night. He asked me to go with him, and I did, like a fool that I was. I was talking with him in the room when suddenly he seized me from behind and plunged a knife into my side. I tried to fight him off, and I did. Then he ran at me and buried the knife in my stomach. I don't know why he did it. We had no quarrel and no angry words."

Five Hundred Persons Buried Alive. London, April 7.—A dispatch from Lahore, British India, to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that 400 men of the Seventh Gurkha regiment, twenty men of the first battalion of the First Gurkha, and fifty of the second battalion of the same regiment were buried alive in the recent earthquake at Dharmasala, and that there is no chance to rescue them. Six additional deaths of Europeans have been reported at that town. It is believed that the whole Kangra valley in Punjab has been devastated. It is reported that the town of Kangra has been ruined and that enormous loss followed the earthquake. Kangra is the capital of a district of the same name in the Jullundur section of the Punjab, and has a population of about 50,000. There is no confirmation of the reports regarding the loss of life, as the telegraph service has been stopped entirely. The officials are extremely reticent in regard to the disaster.

Lahore, British India, April 7.—A private telegram received here states that the whole town of Palanpur is leveled with the ground. The authorities have been unable to confirm the report. Palanpur is a British agency controlling eleven native states in the northeastern part of the province of Guzerat. The population is about 20,000. It is the capital of a State of the same name having about 225,000 inhabitants.

Prolonged Session of Parliament. London, April 7.—The House of Commons was in session all night and did not adjourn until 9:15 this morning. The army bill was up for discussion, and the House was held while it was passed by sections. The session became hilarious as it became evident that it would be prolonged. The Irish members contributed to the fun by singing Gaelic, Welsh, and English songs in the lobby. The government was able to pass the bill, the majorities ranging from 35 upward. Premier Balfour's ineffective leadership has been emphasized by the crushing defeat of the conservative candidate, Gerald Lode, junior lord of the treasury at Brighton. The old conservative Morning Post editorially slashes Mr. Balfour this morning. Many members are anxious to see the "aliens' bill" passed, but it is not expected that this will happen or that the government can survive long. The date for an election is generally fixed by the politicians for some time in June.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer. Fewer gallons; takes less of Devote Lead and Zinc than lead paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

Make the breath as sweet as a rose by curing Indigestion and Sour Stomach with Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. A pleasant, palatable, reconstructive tissue-building digestant. E. L. Babcock, Analyst, Minn., says: "I have taken a great many remedies for indigestion, but have found nothing equal to Kodol Dyspepsia Cure." Kodol digests what you eat, cures indigestion, dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Belching, Heartburn and all Stomach Troubles. Great care is used in the preparation of Kodol—the greatest digestant that has ever been discovered. Sold by W. F. Creighton & Son, 924 Queen street.

Best Cough Medicine for Children. When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want up that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by Gibson & Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

The Market. Georgetown, April 7.—Wheat \$1.00@1.10.

King Edward in France.

Marseilles, April 7.—King Edward arrived here this morning and was warmly welcomed by the prefect and the British consul. The king immediately went aboard the royal yacht, the Victoria and Albert, where Queen Alexandra and the other members of the royal family awaited him on the deck. It is not believed the vessel will sail today owing to the bad weather.

In replying to the address of welcome delivered by the prefect, King Edward expressed his pleasure with the long conversation he had with "my friend M. Loubet." He added that he intended to spend two days in Paris on his return from his cruise.

Paris, April 7.—President Loubet today communicated to the council of Ministers the conversation which he had yesterday with King Edward. He stated that the interview was of the most cordial nature. In the Chamber of Deputies, M. Delcasse, Minister of Foreign Affairs, requested an adjournment of the interpellations in regard to the Moroccan question, and this was voted by the members.

The Eastern War.

St. Petersburg, April 7.—Messages which have arrived from the army in Manchuria indicate that the Japanese advance has been checked for the present, and that the enemy has even been forced to retire. A dispatch from Gen. Karkevitch, Gen. Linvitch's chief of staff, says that the Japanese have been forced to retire on Sumushu, Manchuria. A battle, in which 6,000 Manchuchians were engaged, has been fought, but the result is not known.

Tokio, April 7.—An important war conference which lasted from 10 o'clock this morning until 3 p. m., was held today, at the house of Count Katsura, the premier. The conference was attended by the Marquis Ito, Field Marshal Yamagata, Counts Matsukata and Inouye, and the Ministers of War, Marine, and Foreign Affairs. An official statement issued today says that the bulk of the Russian force made an unsuccessful attack on Chichatun and then retreated to Shumiencheng. The rest of the army is moving along the Fenghua road.

St. Vincent's Volcano Uneasy.

Kingstown, Island of St. Vincent, April 7.—As earthquake shocks have been felt on the Islands of St. Christopher, Dominica and Antigua, and at Pointe-a-Pitre, Guadeloupe, and intense heat has prevailed here, the Chief of Police and two constables on April 3 made the ascent of La Soufriere.

They report that they found the area of the lake diminished, and that they met with water green and boiling on the north side of the lake, steam rising from all over the lake for the first time since the great eruptions of 1902. Steam was also exuding from a large crack in the lip of the crater and from numerous fissures inside the crater.

The party was alarmed by a sudden disturbance which caused the water in the lake to change color to a dirty red. As the subterranean activity seemed to be increasing the party hastened away.

Dead Man Identified.

San Francisco, April 7.—The dead man whose partially dismembered body was found Wednesday night has been definitely identified as that of Harry Una, an Italian peddler. Officers have been unable to find Una's home. A youth named Henry Heinze says he is positive the body is that of Una. Several patrolmen stationed in the Italian quarters say they knew the man by sight and say he was a bootblack. One officer thinks the murdered man was a witness in an Italian murder case years ago, in which a man named Crudo was sent to prison for twenty years. Relatives of Crudo are said to have declared they would get vengeance. An autopsy shows the man was killed while at dinner, as undigested food was found in his stomach and lodged in his throat.

Strike in Chicago.

Chicago, April 7.—Today witnessed the inauguration of a strike among the teamsters employed by the mail order house of Montgomery Ward & Co., and employers throughout the city are expecting a spread of the trouble to other industries. The teamsters went out in sympathy with the garment workers. Both the garment workers and the teamsters have established picket lines in the endeavor to prevent non-union employees from taking their places. Chief of Police O'Neill has placed a cordon of 25 police around the building, and holds a large force in reserve at headquarters only a few blocks away, expecting a recurrence of former riotous times, at any moment. The fight is to be one of a finish, both sides declare.

Germany and Morocco.

Berlin, April 7.—The appointment of Privy Councillor Rosen, who until recently was special envoy of Germany to the Court of King Menelik, of Abyssinia, as German Minister to Tangier, to succeed the late Baron von Mentzingen, is regarded as very significant. Herr Rosen is an expert orientalist and is proficient in the Moroccan dialects. He is a favorite and friend of the emperor and of Chancellor von Buelow, and his appointment is taken to indicate that Germany intends to push her policy in Morocco. Herr Rosen is the first Jew to represent Germany abroad in a diplomatic capacity, and is a grandson of the famous pianist, Ignaz Moscheles.

Full of Tragic Meaning.

These are lines from J. H. Simmons, of Casey, Ia. Think what might have resulted from this terrible cough if he had not taken the medicine about which he writes: "I had a fearful cough that disturbed my night's rest. I tried everything, but nothing would relieve it, until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which completely cured me." Instantly relieves and permanently cures all throat and lung diseases; prevents grip and pneumonia. At E. S. Leadbeater & Son, druggists; guaranteed; 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Best Cough Medicine for Children. When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want up that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by Gibson & Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

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Georgetown, April 7.—Wheat \$1.00@1.10.

The President in Texas.

San Antonio, Tex., April 7.—This afternoon President Roosevelt is at heart no longer the chief of the United States, but a simple colonel of rough riders. He is in camp with them from which are excluded all other people. The reunion has assumed a very informal aspect, and the President is wringing the hands of men who fought at San Juan Hill. He was the guest at the rough riders lunch this noon. The meal consisted of the regular army ration.

The address of the day was delivered at the Alamo Plaza from a grand stand erected at the side of the Alamo building. The plaza capitol, holding 30,000 people was packed. All southwest Texas was present. A squadron of rough riders was formed as the escort of honor to the President.

David Phillips' Death.

Lynn, Mass., April 7.—An autopsy on the body of David Phillips, the millionaire president of the Grand National Bank of Marblehead, who was found dead in the ocean near his home at Phillips Beach, late yesterday, was held today. Aside from the scratches on the face and hand, which are attributed to the rocks in the water, no marks of violence were found and medical examiners found that death was caused by drowning. This sets at rest the theory of foul play and no doubt now exists in the minds of the police that Mr. Phillips committed suicide. At Mr. Phillips' home today it was said that there was no known cause for his suicide. The members of the family do not accept the suicide theory and believe that he did not voluntarily end his life.

Confession of Wife-murderer.

Philadelphia, April 7.—After a long legal wrangle, at the inquest held by the coroner, this morning, in the case of Percy Cundy, the young lace worker, charged with the murder of his wife, his confession that he had planned both murder and suicide, but that his nerve failed him, as he pressed the revolver muzzle against her forehead, and that she herself pulled the trigger, was admitted in evidence. The father and brother of the dead woman appeared, gave testimony favorable to Cundy, and pleaded for his release, but he was committed to prison without bail. Cundy grieves unceasingly over the